Plants

Glossary

Roots - act like straws absorbing water and minerals from the soil.

Trunk -provides a structure for the whole tree, including stems, leaves, flowers and fruit and connects the leaves to the roots.

Stem - providing support to the leaves, flowers or fruits of a tree.

Leaves - take part in photosynthesis, which brings needed nutrients.

Flowers - have petals and parts which produce pollen and seeds.

Pollination - is the act of transferring pollen from the anther of a flower to the stigma.

seed formation - a seed is formed when a plant is pollinated

seed dispersal - movement or transport of seeds away from the parent plant

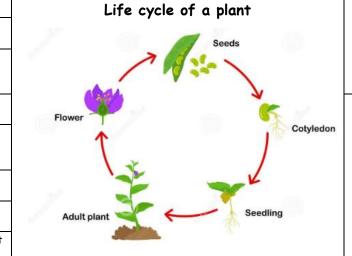
life cycle of a plant - important stages in the life of a plant

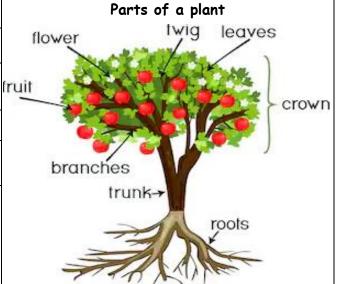
Nutrients - a plant needs nutrients to grow. The three main nutrients are nitrogen (N) phosphorus (P) and potassium (K).

Water - (H2O) is a transparent, odourless, almost colourless substance.

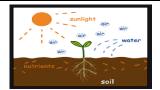
Air - is the general name for the mixture of gases that makes up the Earth's atmosphere.

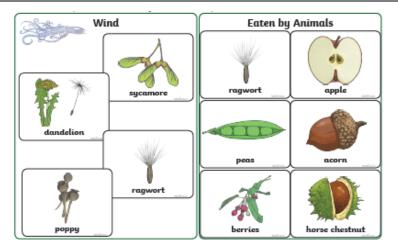
Light - is a type of energy that allows us to see and comes from the sun, stars, fire and manmade sources.











Dispersal of seeds

